



SOCIAL SCIENCE  
H.CH:2-From trade to territory

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

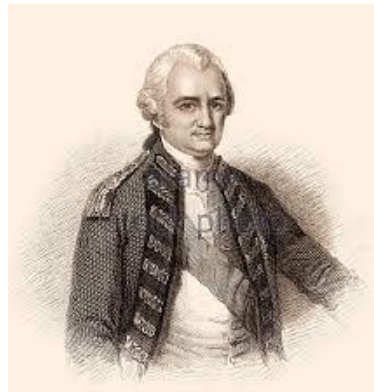
Class: VIII Sec: \_\_\_\_

## I Fill in the Blanks

- 1 British territories were broadly divided into administrative units called \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_ was the nawab of Bengal after the defeat of Sirajuddaulah at Plassey
3. The British conquest of Bengal began with the Battle of \_\_\_\_\_
4. Name two powerful leaders of Mysore: \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
5. The Doctrine of Lapse was introduced by \_\_\_\_\_
6. Name four kingdoms which were annexed based on "Doctrine of Lapse"  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
7. Vasco da Gama was a \_\_\_\_\_ sailor
8. \_\_\_\_\_ was the ruler of England in 1600.
9. The British who did the Company's army against Sirajud daulah at Plassey was \_\_\_\_\_
- 10 Maratha kingdoms were located mainly in the \_\_\_\_\_ part of India

## III Picture Identification

1. Name the person shown in the picture
2. Write a Short note on Robert Clive



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### III Questions and Answers

1. In what way was the administration of the company different from that of the Indian rulers?

Ans: The administration of the company was different from that of the Indian rulers in the following manner:

- a) The company divided its administrative units called Presidencies. There were three Presidencies: Bengal, Madras and Bombay. In India, districts were the main administrative units.
- b) Each Presidency was ruled by a Governor. Districts were ruled by the Collectors.
- c) The supreme head of the administration of the company was the Governor General. But in India, the head of the administration was the King.
- d) The main job of the Governor-General was to introduce administrative reforms while the main job of the collector was to collect revenue and taxes and maintain law and order in his district.

- 2 Describe the changes that occurred in the composition of the Company's army.

Ans. Several changes that occurred in the composition of the Company's army are:

- a) The Company began recruitment for its own army, which came to be known as the Sepoy army.
- b) As the warfare technology changed from the 1720s, the cavalry recruitments of the company's army declined.
- c) The soldiers of the Company's army had to keep pace with changing military requirements and its infantry regiments now became more important.
- d) The soldiers were increasingly subjected to European style training, drill and discipline that regulated their life far more than before.

### IV Activity

Collect pictures, stories and poems about any one of the following- the Rani of Jhansi, Haidar Ali, Maharaja Ranjit Singh, Tipu Sultan and Rani Channamma.